## § 121.104

risk of loss commensurate with ownership. Affiliation may arise, however, through other means, such as common ownership, common management or excessive restrictions upon the sale of the franchise interest.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 26381, May 14, 1997; 63 FR 35738, June 30, 1998; 64 FR 57370, Oct. 25, 1999; 65 FR 30840, May 15, 2000; 65 FR 35812, June 6, 2000; 65 FR 45833, July 26, 2000]

## § 121.104 How does SBA calculate annual receipts?

- (a) Definitions. In determining annual receipts of a concern:
- (1) Receipts means "total income" (or in the case of a sole proprietorship, "gross income") plus "cost of goods sold" as these terms are defined or reported on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Federal tax return forms; Form 1120 for corporations; Form 1120S for Subchapter S corporations; Form 1065 for partnerships; and Form 1040, Schedule F for farm or Schedule C for sole proprietorships). However, the term receipts excludes net capital gains or losses, taxes collected for and remitted to a taxing authority if included in gross or total income, proceeds from the transactions between a concern and its domestic or foreign affiliates (if also excluded from gross or total income on a consolidated return filed with the IRS), and amounts collected for another by a travel agent, real estate agent, advertising agent, conference management service provider, freight forwarder or customs broker.
- (2) Completed fiscal year means a taxable year including any short period. Taxable year and short period have the meaning attributed to them by the IRS.
- (3) Unless otherwise defined in this section, all terms shall have the meaning attributed to them by the IRS.
- (b) Period of measurement. (1) Annual receipts of a concern which has been in business for 3 or more completed fiscal years means the receipts of the concern over its last 3 completed fiscal years divided by three.
- (2) Annual receipts of a concern which has been in business for less than 3 complete fiscal years means the receipts for the period the concern has

been in business divided by the number of weeks in business, multiplied by 52.

- (3) Annual receipts of a concern which has been in business 3 or more complete fiscal years but has a short year as one of those years means the receipts for the short year and the two full fiscal years divided by the number of weeks in the short year and the two full fiscal years, multiplied by 52.
- (c) Use of information other than the Federal tax return. Where other information gives SBA reason to regard Federal Income Tax returns as false, SBA may base its size determination on such other information.
- (d) Annual receipts of affiliates. (1) If a concern has acquired an affiliate or been acquired as an affiliate during the applicable averaging period or before small business self-certification, the annual receipts in determining size status include the receipts of both firms. Furthermore, this aggregation applies for the entire applicable period used in computing size rather than only for the period after the affiliation arose. Receipts are determined for the concern and its affiliates in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section even though this may result in different periods being used to calculate annual re-
- (2) The annual receipts of a former affiliate are not included as annual receipts if affiliation ceased before the date used for determining size. This exclusion of annual receipts of a former affiliate applies during the entire period used in computing size, rather than only for the period after which the affiliation ceased.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 48604, Aug. 9, 2000]

## § 121.105 How does SBA define "business concern or concern"?

(a) A business concern eligible for assistance from SBA as a small business is a business entity organized for profit, with a place of business located in the United States, and which operates primarily within the United States or which makes a significant contribution to the U.S. economy through payment of taxes or use of American products, materials or labor.